## **How An SCBF Assessment Impacts on Biodiversity**

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As we continue to explore the complexities of biodiversity, it is crucial to understand the significant role that **Supply Chain Biodiversity Footprint (SCBF)** plays in environmental conservation. Following the publication of our article on the frameworks and regulations and regulations that guide SCBF, this second part will focus on the tangible impacts of supply chain activities on biodiversity, examining how organisations can assess these impacts and implement strategies to mitigate them. Companies can enhance their long-term sustainability and contribute to global conservation efforts, in addition to meeting regulatory obligations by comprehending and managing the biodiversity footprints associated with their supply chains.

In the previous article, we discuss biodiversity loss and the major factors that cause it. Understanding these causes is essential for developing effective strategies to mitigate against biodiversity decline.

### Why Do We Need to Understand Our Impacts on Biodiversity and Carbon Emissions?

Understanding the impacts on biodiversity and carbon emissions is crucial for several reasons:

- Ecosystem Services: Biodiversity supports critical services like pollination, water
  purification and climate regulation. Healthy ecosystems provide clean air and
  water, fertile soils for agriculture and materials for construction and fuel. For
  instance, wetlands purify water, forests regulate climate and diverse plant species
  contribute to soil fertility.
- Resilience: Diverse ecosystems are more resilient to changes and disruptions.
   Biodiversity increases the ability of ecosystems to withstand disturbances such as extreme weather events, diseases and pests.
- Climate Regulation: Forests and other ecosystems play a vital role in sequestering carbon dioxide, helping mitigate climate change. Trees and plants absorb CO<sub>2</sub> during photosynthesis, storing carbon in their biomass and soil. The <u>Global Forest</u> Watch estimates that forests absorb about 2.6 billion tonnes of CO<sub>2</sub> annually.

- Interconnected Impacts: Understanding both carbon emissions and biodiversity impacts helps develop comprehensive strategies addressing multiple environmental challenges. For example, deforestation not only releases CO<sub>2</sub> but also destroys habitats, leading to biodiversity loss. Integrating carbon and biodiversity assessments can reveal synergies and trade-offs, enabling more effective environmental management.
- **Regulatory Compliance**: Ensuring adherence to environmental laws and frameworks. Compliance with regulations such as the *Environmental Act of 2021* is essential for legal and operational sustainability. Non-compliance can result in legal penalties, financial losses and reputational damage.
- Reputation: Enhancing brand image and meeting stakeholder expectations.
   Consumers, investors and partners increasingly demand sustainable practices. A commitment to biodiversity and carbon management can enhance a company's reputation, attract eco-conscious customers and improve investor confidence.
- Sustainability: Ensuring the long-term viability of resources and business operations. Sustainable practices protect natural resources that businesses depend on. For instance, sustainable agriculture preserves soil health, ensuring long-term crop productivity.

## What is a Supply Chain Biodiversity Footprint (SCBF)?

A <u>supply chain biodiversity footprint</u> measures the impact of a company's supply chain activities on biodiversity, considering all stages from raw material extraction to product delivery. This assessment includes both direct and indirect impacts on ecosystems and species.

# How a Supply Chain Biodiversity Footprint Assessment Helps Organisations

Conducting a supply chain biodiversity footprint assessment offers numerous benefits:

- Risk Management: Identifies potential risks related to biodiversity loss.
- Strategic Planning: Informs more sustainable business strategies.
- **Competitive Advantage**: Differentiates the company in the market by showcasing a commitment to sustainability.
- Cost Savings: Can lead to more efficient resource use and reduce costs.

# How a Supply Chain Biodiversity Footprint Assessment Helps Biodiversity

This assessment is also vital for biodiversity conservation:

Conservation Efforts: By identifying critical areas needing conservation,
 companies can focus their efforts on protecting and restoring vital habitats. For

- example, recognising that sourcing materials from certain regions contributes to habitat loss can lead to more sustainable sourcing decisions.
- **Habitat Protection**: Helps in the development of strategies to protect and restore habitats. For instance, if a supply chain footprint assessment reveals significant deforestation in a particular area, a company might invest in reforestation projects or work with suppliers to implement sustainable forestry practices.
- **Species Preservation**: Supports initiatives to protect endangered species. Understanding which species are affected by supply chain activities allows companies to take targeted actions, such as creating wildlife corridors or supporting breeding programmes, increasing species diversity.
- **Sustainable Practices**: Promotes practices that reduce negative impacts on biodiversity. This includes adopting sustainable agriculture practices, reducing pollution, and avoiding overexploitation of natural resources.

# Mitigation Strategies and Implementing Nature Positive Goals

To mitigate negative impacts and achieve nature-positive goals, organisations can adopt the following strategies:

- Habitat Restoration: Rehabilitating degraded environments is crucial for biodiversity conservation. This can involve reforestation, wetland restoration, or the creation of wildlife corridors to connect fragmented habitats. According to the Society for Ecological Restoration, restored habitats can enhance biodiversity, improve ecosystem services and increase resilience to climate change.
- **Sustainable Sourcing**: Procuring materials from certified, sustainable sources helps ensure that supply chain activities do not contribute to biodiversity loss.

### **The Bottom Line**

Companies committed to environmental sustainability need to take into account every aspect of their supply chain and how it contributes to their operation. While how ecofriendly the end products and services are is also vital, it's not enough to limit their sustainability to just those. Integrating supply chain biodiversity footprint monitoring to your business operations is a great way to show commitment to effective sustainability. These assessments not only help spot and manage environmental risks but also play a part in conserving biodiversity globally. By understanding how their actions affect the natural world, companies can take meaningful steps towards creating a more resilient future.

Find out more about SCBF and how we can help you navigate it here.